

Lesson 1 Vocabulary

Find and circle.	Classify	, the	words.
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J	В	Υ	V	Т	0	٧	Р	Р	S	C	K	F	Κ	C	Α	L	Н	Р	Χ	Т	Α	W	G	Q	C	Α	F	N	Т	Υ	G	C	U
G	C	Т	Α	Ε	S	Р	W	C	K	L	Ε	Υ	D	D	W	Z	J	Χ	U	0	Z	В	I	Z	J	R	Р	T	Н	S	٧	D	В
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Р	В	Т	U	Α	Α	Ν	G	Ν	Р	U	J	G	R	Р	Е	В	Т	D	М	K	Ν	Т	Р	0	0	Ν	М	Р	J	Р	J	Q	L
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F	K	Е	R	Н	S	М	Р	D	J	F	Q	Ν	Т	Q	0	U	Ν	D	Е	R	G	R	0	U	Ν	D	S	T	Α	Т	1	0	N

Areas in a city	Buildings	Parts of buildings
the old part		

2 Complete the text with 7 words from Activity 1.



ol, one of the biggest cities in the UK. But we don't live in the centre - we live on the					
ere isn't an 2	station in our 3	$_{\scriptscriptstyle -}$, but there's			
t of our 4	of flats. In the centre of Liverpool, there	e's a large			
where you can see big sh	nips. There aren't many tall 6				
of historic buildings in the 7					

3	Your	turn! Circle	. Then write	about where	vou live.
			. IIICII VVIICC	about willing	y C C C I V C

1	(port)	There is / isn't a port where I liv	e.

There are some / aren't any banks where I live. **2** (bank)

3 (stadium)

4 (skyscraper)

Compare your sentences with a friend. Are they the same?



Read and complete the sentences. Then circle the correct words.

Curious about grammar: need to + verb / need + noun						
+	I / You / We / They need <u>to</u> use public transport. She / He to use public transport.					
-	I / You / We / They don't a car. She / He need a car.					
 We write need to before a noun / verb. We write need before a noun / verb. We use isn't and aren't / don't and doesn't in negative sentences. 						

2)) What do Dylan, Dora and their town need? Listen and tick ✓ or cross X. Then complete the sentences.

a car	a bus to go to school	a sports centre
to walk far	to go to a big city	a stadium
1 Dylan and Dora <u>don't r</u>	need a car.	
2 Dylan	_ walk far to see his friends.	
3 The children	a bus to go to school.	
4 Sometimes, they	go to a big city.	
5 Dylan thinks Littlefield _	a sports centre and a st	adium.

3 What do you need to do? What do you need where you live? Complete the table. Then write.

I live in a small village. I need to go to the nearest town to go to school.

go to my after-school club relax use public transport walk to school cafés cinemas flowers / trees new houses / flats new skate park new sports centre parks transport solutions

	Me	My neighbourhood	My town/village
Needs	to relax	a new sports centre	
Doesn't need			
I live in		I need	
		I need to	
I don't need I don't need to			

Lesson 3 Story The City Protectors

1 Read the story again. Then read and complete the review.

-cartoon- In the end need neighbourhood outskirts superheroes wants

The City Protectors	
This manga 1 <u>cartoon</u> story is great. It's about three 2	who protect the people of their
city. When they find out that a rich woman, Miss Moder	nity, 3 to demolish the old part of
their city to build a shopping centre, they know that the	ey <mark>4</mark> to stop her.
The heroes take Miss Modernity to the old part of the c	ity. There she sees that the people are happy living
in their <mark>5 , M</mark> i	
the 7 of the city.	
I really enjoyed this story. I give it four and a half stars (out of five.
- Anusha from The Turtles	
2 Miss Modernity, you change your 3 I want to see fabulous buildings. 4 But live in the old part. 5 I here when I was a boy. 6 There's a great sense of here.	b Tomoko e neighbour c Miss Modernity f Grandpa
What do we need to do to understand othe	r people's feelings? Read. Then listen and order
We need to	1 We need to
ask people how they feel more often	be curious about how other people feel
listen to their answers and think about them.	care about how they feel.
We need to	We need to How can
share time with the other person im	understandi nagine we're the other person
	nagine how that person feels.
4 🌷 Think about someone	you know. What do you need to do to
understand their feelings	;?
ν - · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	

Act out a conversation. Start: How do you feel today?

Social science

1 Look, read and number. Then write.



2

3











You can put your glass and plastic rubbish here.	
People can walk here, and there are no cars.	
You can use the internet here.	<u>wi-fi zone</u>
This is a part of the road especially for bikes.	
This transport can take you up and down mount	ains
It's a place with grass, flowers, plants and trees.	
Complete the sentences with words from Ac	tivity 1.
1 I live in the countryside, so my village doesn't need	any green spaces.
2 I'd like to ride my bike to school, but there isn't a	in my neighbourhood.
3 Where I live, we need a lot more	for our rubbish and plastic bottles.
4 We need a better transport system in my area. We r	need an underground train or a
6 I live on a street with a lot of traffic, but there's a bi with lots of shops and no cars. Answer about where you live. Compare you	r answers with a friend.
Why do cities need wi-fi zones?	Cities need wi-fi zones so that everyone
Why do cities need	can get access to the internet.
1 (public transport)? <u>Cities need public tran</u>	sport so that
2 (recycling containers)?	<u> </u>
3 (pedestrian areas)?	
4 (cable cars)?	
5 (bicycle lanes)?	
6 (green spaces)?	Where is the longest cable car line

in the world? Investigate.

1 Read and complete the sentences. Then circle the correct words.

Curious about grammar: must / mustn't

- + I / You / She / He / It / We / They <u>must</u> protect historical buildings.
- I / You / She / He / It / We / They ______ demolish historical buildings.

1 We use **must** and **mustn't** with a **noun / verb**.

2 We write / don't write to before the main verb.

2 Read and match. Write must or mustn't.

There are many rules about what people can and can't build, but the rules are different in every town and city.



- 1 For example, some cities don't want skyscrapers,
- **2** Some cities want to increase the number of trees and plants,
- 3 Today, in general, every new neighbourhood ______ have
- **4** Cities sometimes need to destroy old buildings,
- **5** Cities need to reduce traffic.

- **a** green spaces, cycle lanes and places for recycling containers.
- **b** so they _____ improve their public transport system.
- **c** so every new building _____ have a green space.
- **d** so you <u>mustn't</u> construct any building higher than ten floors.
- **e** but they _____ demolish *historical* buildings.
- 3 Write six rules for a new green space in your neighbourhood.

(✓)	You must
(✓)	
(V)	
` '	You mustn't
(X)	

4 ■ Sounds good!Read and circle the silent t. Listen and check.

At the theatre, you must turn off your mobile phone.

You mustn't talk or make a noise.



(**X**) _



@Cranes: In Tokyo, we've got some incredible buildings from the 2020 Olympic GamesHere's an article about how the Games can change and improve cities.

Lesson 6 Culture

1 Read the article. Then answer the questions.



How the

Olympic Games changes cities

The Olympic Games® is one of the most important sports events in the world. It takes place every four years and Olympic cities usually begin preparations more than seven years in advance. They need to design and build new gyms, swimming pools and stadiums. They need to build a new neighbourhood, called the Olympic Village, where the athletes can live during the Games. The city often needs to increase and improve public transport because so many people visit Olympic cities to see the Games. Everything that an Olympic city builds for the Games must be useful for the city afterwards.

In 2013, Japan started preparations for the Tokyo 2020 Summer Olympics. A new stadium was constructed in the same place as the 1964 Olympic

stadium. The new stadium is bigger – it has seats for around 68,000 people! It's more ecological than the old stadium, there's an Olympic museum, and it's got excellent access for people with disabilities. In the end, the Tokyo 2020 Olympic Games happened in 2021, and not all the new buildings were used. But they will be used in the future!



1 When do Olympic cities start preparing for the Games?	They start
2 What is an Olympic Village?	
3 What is a rule about Olympic buildings and areas?	
4 In what ways is the new stadium better?	

2 🐋)) How does London use the buildings from the 2012 Olympic Games? Listen and complete.

Listen and complete.

1 The Olympic Village is now called East Village. Around 6,000 people live there.

2 The London Stadium is now the home of a _______ team.

3 In the velodrome you can do track cycling or ______ biking.

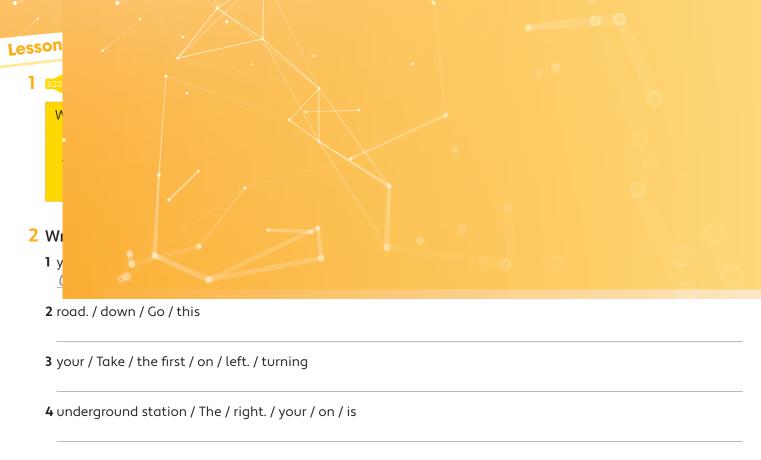
4 The London Aquatics Centre is now a place with public ______ ____



3	Your turn! Would you like the Olympic Games to be in your country?
	Why? / Why not?

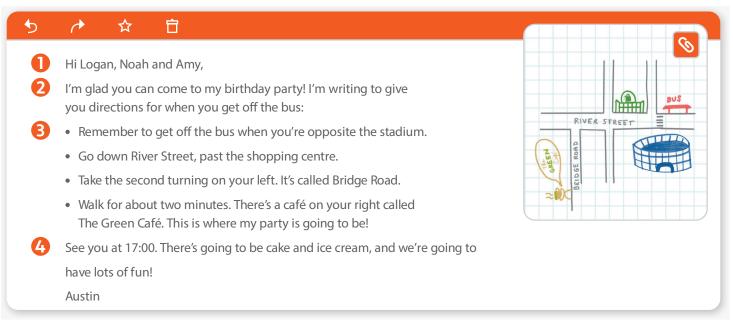
Did the
Olympic Games
take place in your
country? When?
Investigate.





3 Read the email. Where is Austin's birthday party going to be? Circle.

in a park / by a river / in a café / in a shopping centre



4 Read the email again. Write the number of the paragraph.

In which part of the email does Austin ...

- **a** ... give directions for how to get to his party?
- 3
- c ... finish his email and give other information?

b ... greet his friends?

- **d** ... give his reason for writing?





5 Plan your email to your friends. Make notes.

	1 Who? 2 What and where?	3 Directions 4 Other information (time, food, activities, etc.)
	your email. Use your notes.	Remember to use imperative sentences to give instructions.
① ② ③	Dear Great news that you can come	
		. Land Corn
4	See you	! Creativity Corner Imagine your party in Activity 6. What did you do? Tell a friend.

Lesson 8 Review

1 Think about the new words in this unit. Read and write.

1 It's a very tall building. <u>skyscraper</u>

2 You can keep your money safe in this place.

3 You can see a football match here.

4 There are historical buildings in this part of a city.

5 You use it to go from one floor to another in a building.

6 It's the area around the edge of a town or city.

7 It's a building where many people live.

8 There are ships or boats in this part of a city.

9 It's an area of a city where people live.

10 You can catch a train here in a city.



Which words have got silent letters? Which letters are silent – the same ones or different ones?

2 What do they need? Complete and match the questions with the answers.

1 Why do cities <u>need to</u> build skyscrapers?

2 Do you _____ walk to school?

3 Does your village _____ a park or green spaces?

4 Why do we _____ use public transport?

5 Why don't you _____ your rucksack?

a No, I don't. I _____ take the bus.

b Because we ______ reduce traffic.

c 1 Because people _____ more offices.

Because I ______ take any books to school today.

e No, it _____ green spaces. It's in the countryside.



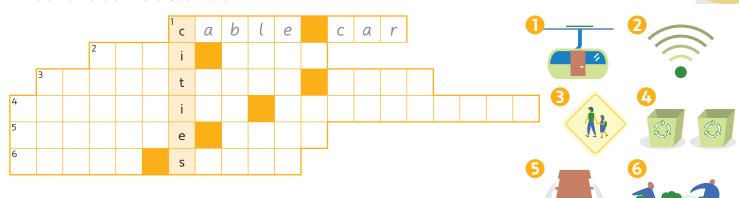
3 Break the code. Write the rules. Then circle.

I understand / don't understand the rules.



(3)

4 Look and do the crossword.



5 Order and complete.

- 1 buildings / have / mustn't / ten floors. / more than
 In many cities, buildings mustn't
- 2 must / there / be / green spaces. / some
 In all cities,
- 3 town planners / historical / mustn't / buildings. / demolish
 In most cities, ______.
- 4 use / people / must / recycling containers.

 In most cities, ______.

6 Read and complete.

about clear Could course down nearest right take

Tourist: 1 <u>Could</u> you tell me the way to the 2 _____ bank?

Milo: Of 3 ______ . Go 4 _____ this road and 5 _____ the

third turning on your left. Then walk for 6 ______ 100 metres. The bank is on your

7 _____, next to a block of flats.

Tourist: Thank you. That's very 8 ______.

7 Read and reflect. Circle a number.

Think about Unit 3

I can remember and use the vocabulary in this unit.

I can read and understand the texts in this unit.

1 2 3 4 5

 $\boldsymbol{\mathsf{I}}$ can understand and use the grammar in this unit.

• 1 2 3 4 5 ···

I can talk about why cities change.



